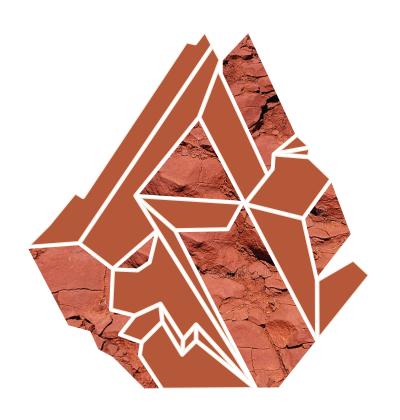
RED ROCK

WIFI

PROJECT



RED ROCK

WIFI

PROJECT

Rebecca Liou

Multi-Disciplinary Design
University of Utah
DES 3520-001 Design Product Studio 2
Tsoutsounakis

Fall 2021

In partnership with Rural Utah Project

The Red Rock WIFI Project fosters a sense of community among residents and reciprocity from visitors through a locally created mesh WIFI network in San Juan County.

The Red Rock WIFI Project aims to create a platform of mutuality though data connection where an internet service is provided for the people, by the people Page No.

RESEARCH + OBSERVATIONS

4 /15

Page No.

DESIGN OPPORTUNITY

9 / 15

Page No.

PROCESS

10 / 15

Page No.

PRODUCT OUTCOMES

11 / 15

Page No.

IMPACT

13 / 15

Page No.

WORKS CITED

14

CONTENTS

WIFI FOR THE PEOPLE, BY THE PEOPLE



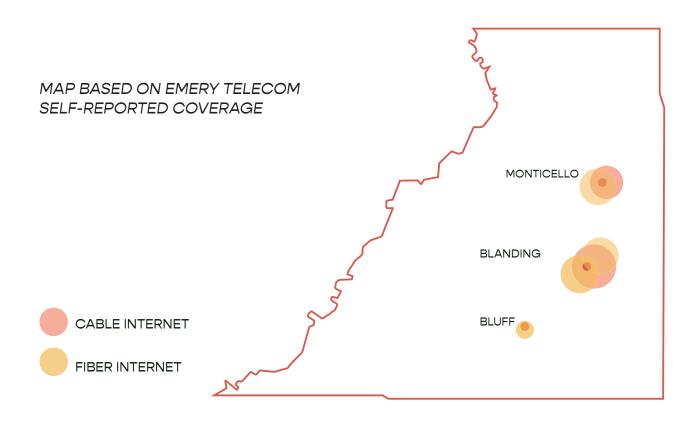
"Interference ripples, Moenkopi Fm. redbeds (Lower Triassic), Goosenecks Point along Sulphur Creek, Capitol Reef National Park, southern Utah 2" by James St. John is licensed with CC BY 2.0.

Digital Divide

The Digital Divide "refers to the growing gap between the...portion of the population who do not have access to computers or the internet; and... Americans living in urban and suburban areas who have access" (Computer Science Department Stanford University, n.d.).

In it's simplest definition, the Digital Divide refers to the increasing gap that exists between those who have reliable internet access and those who do not. These gaps of connectivity and access are prominent across rural areas of the United States.

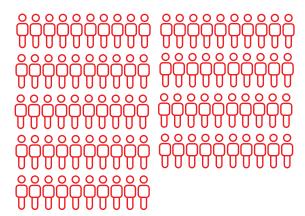




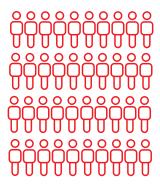
Municipal Broadband in San Juan County

The Digital Divide continues to be widened by the large data companies such as Comcast and AT&T, but also through state legislation. Utah is one of eighteen states with strict legislation regarding municipal broadband. Utah legislature imposes procedural and accounting requirements on local governments making it near impossible for any new broadband providers to be introduced into the market as they are

required to compete with already existing municipal monopolies. "Legislation in 2013, added new obstacles to municipal broadband by placing restrictions on the use of municipal bonds to fund broadband projects. Municipalities that are offering wholesale services for publicly-owned broadband infrastructure, however, are exempt from many of these requirements" (Cooper, 2021).



Approximately 9000 people in San Juan County do not have access to 25 Mbps wired internet.



Approximately 4000 people in San Juan County do not have any access to wired internet.



Broadband Access

According to Broad Band Now, the average download speed in Bluff, UT is 0.1 Mbps and costs on average \$3.61 per megabit. The average download speed in Salt Lake City, UT is 138.2 Mbps and the average cost is less than \$0.60.

Broadband is about more than just being able to browse the internet and scroll through social media and it's more than a utility. Broadband access is way of community communication and mutuality. We should be focusing on community service over customer service in rural areas like San Juan County especially.

7

Page No. / 15

Current Systems

According to journalist and reporter, Kate Groetzinger, The Utah Education and Telehealth Network initiated a plan to connect schools in San Juan County to ensure bandwidth for all students. The UETN currently provides bandwidth for students via a microwave radio system using existing infrastructure, where a student's computer location has to be within direct sight of the radio towers. This radio network system has already reached full capacity with the shift

to online learning over the past few years – not to mention that if you were to microwave something in the same place as a student, it could effect their network connection.







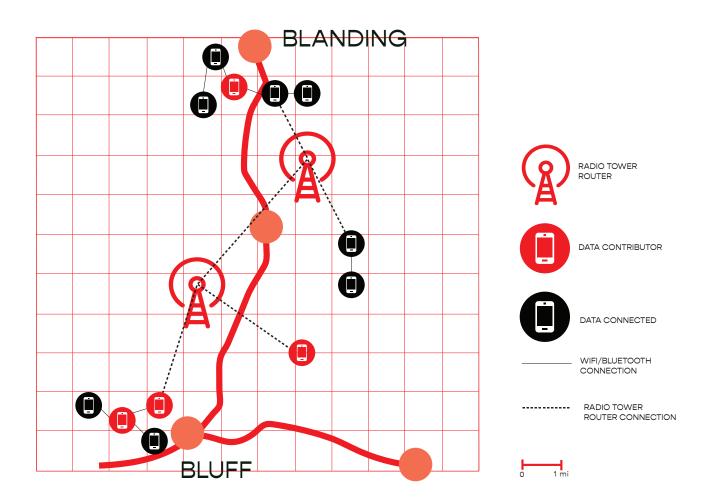
Fiber Installation

Emery Telecom began a fiber internet connectivity plan in October, 2020 and originally estimated it's completion for June, 2022. This fiber project was planned in two phases - phase 1 was to bring the fiber lines down from Blanding, UT to White Mesa, and Montezuma Creek. Phase 2 is to bring the lines down through Mexican Hat, Monument Valley, and Navajo Mt. This project has lost momentum as it reaches indigenous land. "The process was complicated by the fact that the tribal land in White Mesa is split into allotments, which are assigned to tribal members, and 50% of the allot tees had to sign off on the project in order for Emery Telecom to receive a right-of-way permit to lay fiber along the side of the highway in White Mesa" (Groetzinger, 2020).

DESIGN OPPORTUNITY

9

Page No. / 15



Mesh Network

The Red Rock WIFI Project is a community focused mesh data network platform that works with both the local residents as well as visitors to the area. Through data collection and sharing among residents and visitors, the Red Rock WIFI Project acts as a platform for individuals to engage in node to node or peer to peer messaging, content sharing, and distribution. The platform also allows for data collection within the

system. With the Bureau of Land Management's estimated 161,247 visitors to Bears Ears National Monument in 2020, there is no shortage of data to be collected and contributed within the Red Rock WIFI project. The platform creates a network for these visitors to share whatever portion of their cellular data to the mesh system as they like as an act of reciprocity.

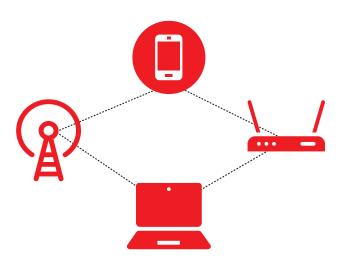
Mesh Mechanics

So what is a mesh network exactly?

Mesh wIFI is a system where individual devices, known as nodes, connect with each other directly and non-hierarchically to establish a virtual network. Mesh networks are extremely scalable as the nodes are able to communicate with each other and can extend

their communication as new nodes enter the network (Net Motion Software, 2021).

By using the radio towers in San Juan County, the existing infrastructure can be utilized in the Red Rock WIFI Project mesh network as well as mobile devices, internet routers, and computers.

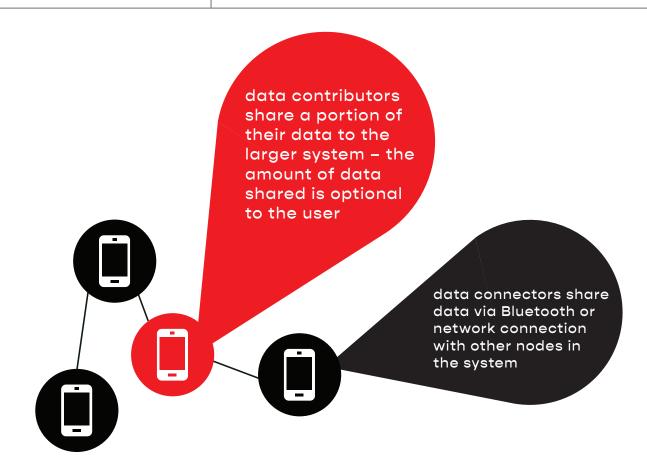


Because mesh networks are extremely scalable, on mesh network is also able to connect to another mesh network and the radio towers in San Juan County act as a prime component of longer range broadcasting than a mobile device is capable of on it's own.

A mesh network in Blanding, UT could connect to another mesh network in Bluff, UT resulting in a singular, connecting network between the two cities.

11

Page No. / 15



Red Rock WIFI Project Platform

The Red Rock wIFI project allows users to contribute a portion of their cellular data. The platform acts as a data farming resource to collect contributed data from visitors and locals of the area. Users in the system are able to connect to other nodes (other devices) via Bluetooth if they are in range or through

network connection. The more data contributors there are sharing cellular data, the stronger the network becomes and the further the network's range becomes.

/ 15

Page No.



"Grand Gulch, Bears Ears National Monument, Utah" by Conspiracy. of.Cartographers is licensed with CC BY-NC-SA 2.0.

Entering the Network

To enter the network as a mobile device user, an county-wide automatic alert would come up on the user's mobile device screen the moment they enter San Juan County through the Exposure Notification system already available on IOS and Android systems. This notification would inform visitors of the data contribution as an act of reciprocity and allow users to enter a digital platform component of the Red Rock WIFI Project.

This platform acts as a highly beneficial tool for local activists and community members, such as Rural Utah Project, to communicate "off the grid" and without the reliance of being in the municipal broadband monopoly of the area.

Community Impact

Users of the Red Rock WIFI Project are able to use the platform for peer to peer messaging, distributing content, and sharing data with each other.

The Red Rock WIFI Project acts as a way to create a community led and run network and resist autocratic control of community systems.

This platform creates a community led effort to close the digital divide by bringing data connection to community members and visitors through an infinitely scalable mesh network.



"Bears Ears National Monument, Utah" by Conspiracy.of.Cartographers is licensed with CC BY-NC-SA 2.0.

RED ROCK WIFI PROJ REBECCA LIOU X RUP

WORKS CITED

14

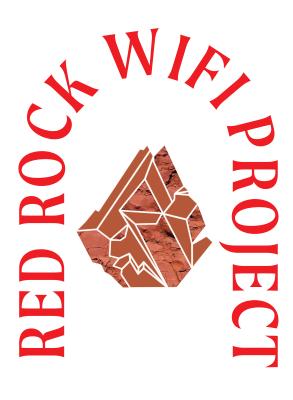
Page No. / 15

- About emergency and government alerts on iPhone and Apple Watch. Apple Support. (2019, August 14). Retrieved December 15, 2021, from https://support.apple. com/en-us/HT202743
- Bears ears national monument: Bureau of land management. Utah Bears Ears National Monument | Bureau of Land Management. (2021). Retrieved December 15, 2021, from https://www.blm.gov/programs/national-conservation-lands/utah/bears-ears-national-monument
- Cooper, T. (2021, December 1). Municipal Broadband is restricted in 18 states across the U.S.. in 2021. BroadbandNow. Retrieved December 15, 2021, from https://broadbandnow.com/report/municipal-broadband-roadblocks/
- Family with computer . (n.d.). Vintage Everyday. Retrieved November 15, 2021, from https://www.vintag.es/2021/07/computer-ads-families-1980s.html.
- Groetzinger, K. (2020, September 16). High speed internet is coming to schools and libraries in southern San Juan County. KUER. Retrieved December 15, 2021, from https://www.kuer.org/politics-government/2020-09-15/high-speed-internet-iscoming-to-schools-and-libraries-in-southern-san-juan-county
- Legislative General Counsel. (2013, July 2). Use of bond proceeds by political subdivisions Utah. 2013 General Session for State of Utah. Retrieved December 15, 2021, from https://le.utah.gov/~2013/bills/sbillint/sb0172.pdf
- NetMotion uncompromised secure access. SDP, ZTNA, VPN & Dem. NetMotion Software. (2021). Retrieved December 15, 2021, from https://www.netmotionsoftware.com/
- Stanford University, C. S. (n.d.). Digital Divide . The Digital Divide. Retrieved December 15, 2021, from https://cs.stanford.edu/people/eroberts/cs181/projects/digital-divide/start.html

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS + CREDITS

Much gratitude to Rural Utah Project's support throughout this project.

Special thanks to Sen. Derek Kitchen for his correspondence and enthusiasm.



WIFI FOR THE PEOPLE, BY THE PEOPLE